

05 ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM



BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM **737**

Topics

- Engines**
 - Overview
 - Indications
 - Controls & indicators
 - System operation
 - Engine oil system
 - Engine fuel system
 - Engine start system
 - Normal operation
 - Normal start
 - Crossbleed start
 - Battery start
 - Ground air source start
 - Normal shutdown
 - Non-normal operation*
- APU**
 - Overview
 - Controls & indicators
 - Start and shutdown
 - Non-normal operation*
- Fuel system**
 - Overview
 - Control & indications
 - System schematic
 - Normal operations
 - Non-normal operation*

MALEV VIRTUAL BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM **737**

Engines
Specifications

The airplane is powered by two **CFM56-7** engines. The engine is a dual-rotor, axial-flow turbofan. The N1 rotor consists of a **fan**, a **low-pressure compressor** and a **low-pressure turbine**. The N2 rotor consists of a **high-pressure compressor** and a **high-pressure turbine**. The N1 and N2 rotors are mechanically independent. The N2 rotor drives the engine **gearboxes** (IDG, hydraulic, fuel, oil pumps). A bleed-air-powered starter motor is connected to the N2 rotor.

A dual-channel electronic engine control (**EEC**) regulates each engine. The EEC monitors autothrottle and flight crew inputs to automatically set engine thrust. Each engine has individual flight deck controls. Thrust is set by positioning the thrust levers. The thrust levers are positioned automatically by the autothrottle system or manually by the flight crew. The forward thrust levers control forward thrust from idle to maximum. The reverse thrust levers control thrust from reverse idle to maximum reverse.

MALEV VIRTUAL BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM **737**

Engines
Indications

Upper DU and **Lower DU** displays showing various engine parameters including N1, N2, TAT, EGT, and fuel quantity.

- Primary engine indications
 - A/T limit
 - Thr mode
 - TAT
 - N1 indications
 - TAI
 - REV
 - EGT
 - N2 indications
- Fuel quantity indications
 - Fuel quantity
 - Fuel used
 - Fuel flow
- Secondary engine indications
 - Oil pressure
 - Oil quantity
 - Oil temperature
 - Engine vibration
- Hydraulic indications (MFD)
 - Hydraulic pressure
 - Hydraulic fluid quantity

MALEV VIRTUAL BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM **737**

Engines
Indications: Crew alerts (Upper DU)

Start valve open
Illuminated (amber) –

- steady – respective engine start valve open and air is supplied to starter
- blinking – uncommanded opening of start valve. Alert is displayed and solid amber boxes are displayed in unannunciated positions for that engine. All three boxes blink for ten seconds, then alert remains on steady and solid amber boxes are removed.

START VALVE OPEN	START VALVE OPEN
OIL FILTER BYPASS	OIL FILTER BYPASS
LOW OIL PRESSURE	LOW OIL PRESSURE

Low oil pressure
Illuminated (amber) –

- steady – oil press at or below red line
- blinking – with a condition of low oil pressure. Alert is displayed and solid amber boxes are displayed in unannunciated positions for that engine. All three boxes blink for ten seconds, then alert remains on steady and solid amber boxes are removed.

MALEV VIRTUAL BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION ELECTRICAL SYSTEM **737**

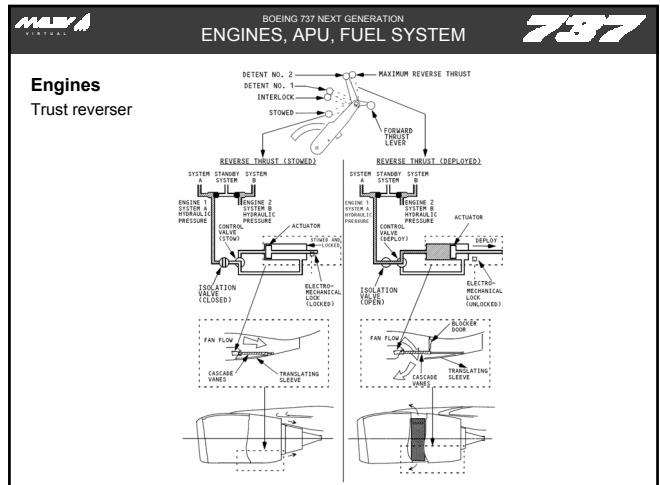
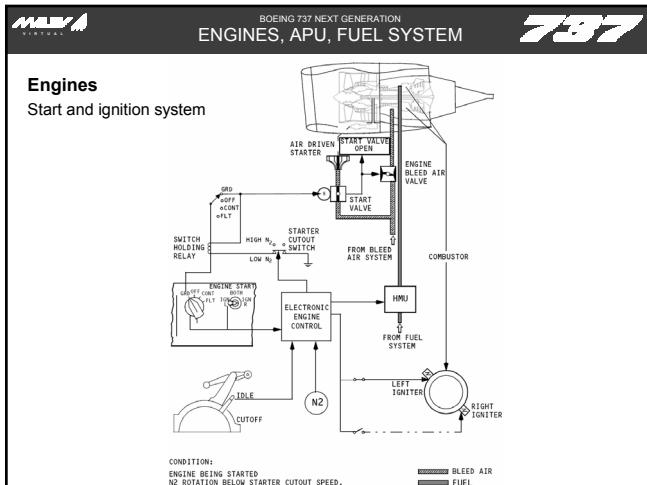
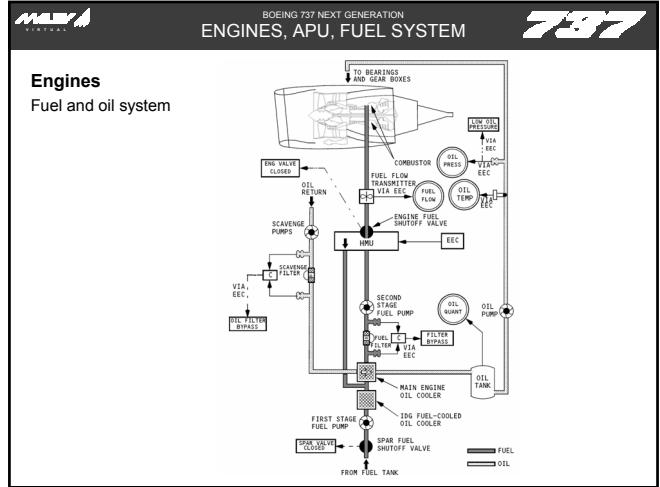
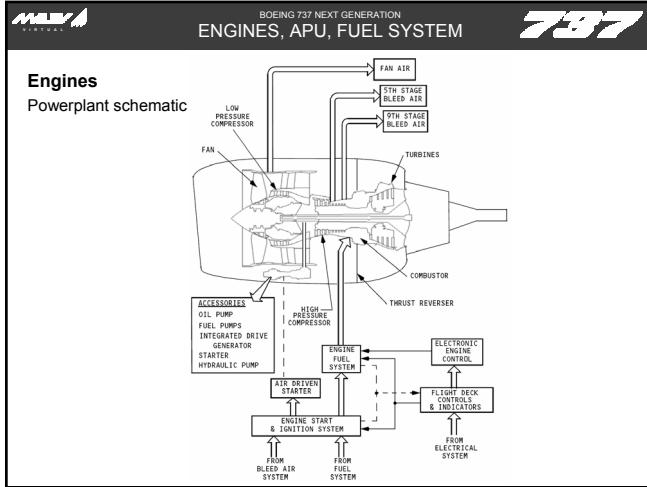
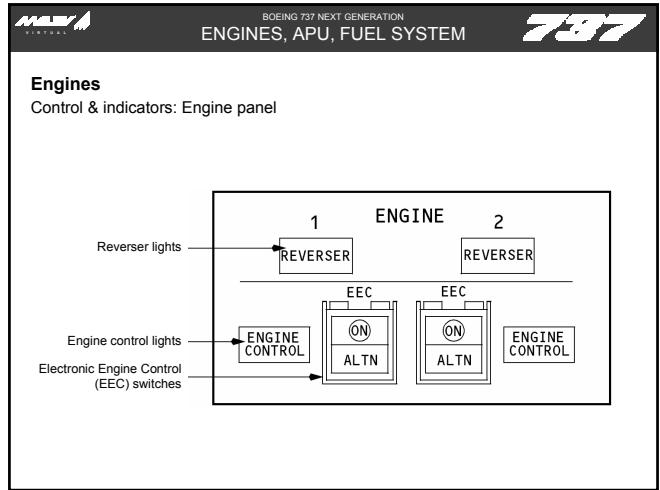
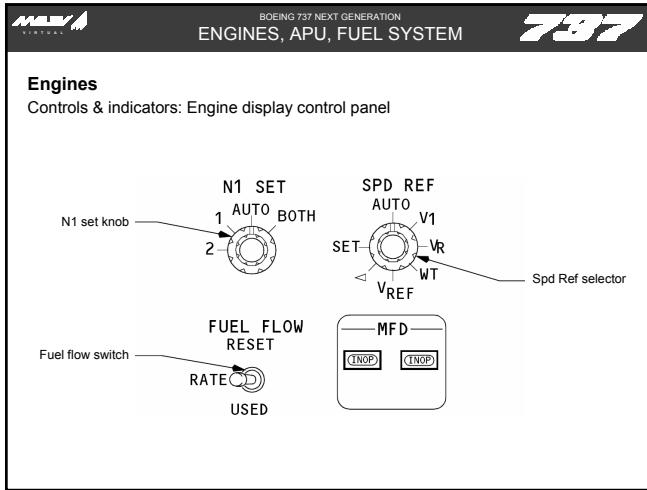
Engines
Controls & indicators: Engine start switches

Diagram illustrating the engine start switch configuration:

Engine start switches (1 and 2) are shown with the following connections:

- Switch 1: GRD → OFF → CONT → FLT → BOTH → IGN L → Ignition select switch → IGN R → BOTH → IGN R → FLT → GRD
- Switch 2: GRD → OFF → CONT → FLT → BOTH → IGN R → Ignition select switch → IGN L → BOTH → IGN L → FLT → GRD

05 ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM



05 ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM

**BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM**

737

Engines

Normal operation: Engine start

CAPTAIN	FIRST OFFICER
Announce engine start sequence.	
Normal starting sequence is 2, 1.	
Call "STARTING ENGINE No. ____"	
Position ENGINE START switch to GRID.	
Verify increase in N2 RPM.	
Acknowledge first officer's report.	
Verify increase in oil pressure by the time engine is stabilized at idle and call "OIL PRESSURE RISING" when observed.	
Position engine start lever to IDLE detent when:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> N1 rotation is observed and N2 RPM reaches 25% or (if 25% N2 is not achievable) at max motoring and a minimum of 10 seconds. <p>Max motoring occurs when N2 acceleration is less than 1% in approximately 5 seconds.</p>	
Verify N1 and EGT indication.	
At 50% N2 RPM check ENGINE START switch moves to OFF, if not, position start switch to OFF.	Verify START VALVE OPEN alert extinguishes as the ENGINE START switch moves to OFF and call "STARTER CUTOUT."
Monitor N1, N2, EGT, fuel flow and oil pressure for normal indications as the engine accelerates and stabilizes at idle.	

Note: Standard day, sea level, approximate stabilized idle indications for the CFM56-7 engine.

- N1 RPM - 50%
- N2 RPM - 59%
- EGT - 410°C**
- Fuel Flow - 272 KGH

** Idle EGT may vary from 320°C - 520°C depending on OAT, bleed configuration, and engine conditions.

Starter Duty Cycle

- Limit each start attempt to a maximum of 2 minutes.
- A minimum of 10 seconds is required between start attempts.

CAUTION: Normal engine start considerations:

- Advancing engine start lever to idle prematurely can cause a "HOT" start.
- Keep hand on engine start lever while observing RPM, EGT and fuel flow.
- If fuel is shutdown inadvertently (by closing engine start lever) do not re-open engine start lever in an attempt to restart engine.
- Failure of ENGINE START switch to hold in GRID until start cutout RPM is reached can result in a "HOT" start. Do not re-engage ENGINE START switch until engine RPM is below 20% N2.

Note: Accomplish ABORTED ENGINE START checklist for one or more of the following conditions:

- No oil pressure indication before the engine start lever is raised to IDLE.
- No oil pressure indication by the time the engine is stabilized at idle.
- No increase in EGT within 10 seconds of raising the engine start lever to IDLE.
- No increase in, or a very slow increase in N1 or N2 after EGT indication.
- EGT rapidly approaching or exceeding the start limit.

**BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM**

737

Engines

Normal operation: Battery only start

Cleared for Start	OFF
PACK switches	OFF
ANTICOLLISION light switch	ON
Ignition select switch	IGN-R
Engine Start	
Engine No. 1 start	Accomplish
Only N1, N2, and oil quantity are displayed until the EECs are powered.	
Generator No. 1 switch	ON
IRS mode selectors	NAV
FMC CDU	Set IRS position
WARNING: If engine No. 1 was started using a ground air source, to minimize the hazard to ground personnel, the external air should be disconnected and engine start lever returned to the Engine Crossbleed Start procedure.	
Engine No. 2 start	Accomplish
Generator No. 2 switch	ON
After Start	
Complete the preliminary flight deck preparation by checking the following items:	
MACH AIRSPEED WARNING test switches	Push
STALL WARNING TEST switches	Push
REVERSE lights	Check
EIC switches	ALTN then ON

Passenger oxygen switch NORMAL
Crew oxygen Check
Accomplish panel scan to insure that the flight deck preparation procedure is complete.

AFTER START checklist Accomplish
IRS alignment Complete & no flags

The airplane is ready for taxi. Refer to the normal checklists for subsequent checks.

**BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM**

737

Engines

Normal operation: Engine start from ground air source

Starting with Ground Air Source (AC electrical power available)

Engine No. 1 must be started first.

When cleared to start:

APU BLEED air switch	OFF
Engine No. 1 start	Accomplish
Use normal start procedures.	

WARNING: To minimize the hazard to ground personnel, the external air should be disconnected, and engine No. 2 started using the Engine Crossbleed Start procedure.

**BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM**

737

Engines

Normal operation: Crossbleed start

Engine Crossbleed Start

Prior to using this procedure, ensure that the area to the rear is clear.

Engine BLEED air switches	ON
APU BLEED air switch	OFF
PACK switches	OFF
ISOLATION VALVE switch	AUTO
Ensures bleed air supply for engine start.	
Engine thrust lever (operating engine)	Advance thrust lever until bleed duct pressure indicates 30 PSI
Non-operating engine	Start
Use normal start procedures with crossbleed air.	
After starter cutout, adjust thrust on both engines, as required.	

**BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM**

737

Engines

Non-normal operation: Inflight engine start

INFLIGHT ENGINE START

Condition: Engine start is desired after a shutdown with no fire or apparent damage.

Note: Oil quantity indication as low as zero is normal if monitoring N2 RPM is below approximately 8%.

Complete the ENGINE FAILURE/HOTDOWN checklist before attempting an inflight engine start.

INFLIGHT START ENVELOPE CHECK

[Starts not assisted outside of the inflight start envelope.]

Note: For engines shut down more than one hour, a crossbleed start is required.

IF CROSSEDLE START IS REQUIRED:

PACK SWITCH (affected side) OFF

DUCT PRESSURE MINIMUM 30 PSI

If required, advance the thrust lever to increase duct pressure.

ENGINE START SWITCH GRID/IFLT Use GRID if crossbleed start is required.

ENGINE START LEVER IDLE DETENT

Position engine start lever to IDLE detent at a minimum of 11% N1.

Monitor EGT to ensure it does not rise rapidly or exceed the start limit of 725°C during the start attempt.

If no increase in EGT is observed within 30 seconds:

ENGINE START LEVER CUTOFF

ENGINE START SWITCH OFF

Note: If engine has been shutdown for more than 1 hour, multiple start attempts may be required.

After engine start:

ELECTRICAL GENERATOR ON

PACK SWITCH AUTO

ENGINE START SWITCH AS REQUIRED

APU AS REQUIRED

TRANSPOUNDER MODE SELECTOR TA/RA

IF INFLIGHT START ENVELOPE IS NOT REQUIRED:

THROTTLE LEVER CLOSE

ENGINE START LEVER CUTOFF

**BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM**

737

Engines

Non-normal operation: Aborted engine start

ABORTED ENGINE START

Condition: **One or more of the following conditions:**

- No N1 rotation before the engine lever is raised to IDLE.
- No oil pressure indication by the time the engine is stabilized at idle.
- No increase in EGT, within 10 seconds on the ground or 30 seconds in flight, after the engine start lever is raised to IDLE.
- No increase in, or a very slow increase in N1 or N2 after EGT indication
- EGT rapidly approaching or exceeding the start limit

Before engine start lever raised to IDLE:

ENGINE START SWITCH	OFF
---------------------	-----

After engine start lever raised to IDLE:

Before starter cutout:

ENGINE START LEVER	CUTOFF
Continue to motor the engine for 60 seconds.	
[Clears fuel and cools engine components.]	

ENGINE START SWITCH OFF

After starter cutout:

ENGINE START LEVER	CUTOFF
After N2 decreases to below 20%:	

ENGINE START SWITCH GRD

Motor the engine for 60 seconds.

[Clears fuel and cools engine components.]

ENGINE START SWITCH OFF

05 ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM

**Boeing 737 Next Generation
Engines, APU, Fuel System**

Engines

Non-normal operation:

Inflight engine fuel leak

INFLIGHT ENGINE FUEL LEAK

Condition: An inflight engine fuel leak is suspected or confirmed by one or more of the following:

- visual observation of fuel spray from shutdown
- excessive engine fuel flow or fuel imbalance indication
- total fuel quantity decreasing at an abnormal rate
- IMBAL indication
- USING RSV FUEL message
- INSUFFICIENT FUEL message

CENTER FUEL PUMP SWITCHES OFF

Note: Fuel CONFIG indication may be displayed with fuel in the center tank.

CROSSFEED SELECTOR CLOSE

Identify affected engine by observing one wing fuel tank quantity decreasing faster than the other. An increasing fuel imbalance of approximately 227 kg or more in 30 minutes should be considered a fuel leak. Conditions permitting, visually check for engine fuel leak.

After the affected engine is identified, or it is determined that no leak exists, resume normal fuel management.

If both wing tank quantities are decreasing at the same rate:

Note: Confirm FMC Route is correct.

PROGRESS PAGE 1 SELECT

DESTINATION FUEL ESTIMATE CHECK

Verify adequate fuel available to complete flight.

If fuel leak is confirmed:

Flight conditions permitting, accomplish the **ENGINE FAILURE/SHUTDOWN** procedure to stop the leak.

**Boeing 737 Next Generation
Engines, APU, Fuel System**

Engines

Non-normal operation: Loss of thrust on both engines

LOSS OF THRUST ON BOTH ENGINES

Condition: Loss of all thrust on both engines accompanied by illumination of both ENG FAIL alerts.

ENGINE START SWITCHES FLT

ENGINE START LEVERS CUTOFF

EGT decreasing: **ENGINE START LEVERS** IDLE DETENT

If EGT reaches 950°C, repeat the above steps.

Note: In moderate to heavy rain it may take up to 3 minutes to accelerate to idle.

APU (if available) START & ON BUS

Do not wait for successful engine start(s) prior to starting APU.

[The APU has demonstrated the capability to provide electrical and pneumatic power up to 20,000 feet. APU may be placed on either or both buses.]

If neither restart is successful and N2 is below 11%:

WING ANTI-ICE SWITCH OFF

PACK SWITCHES OFF

APU BLEED AIR SWITCH ON

IGNITION SELECT SWITCH BOTH

EITHER ENGINE START SWITCH GRD

When engine parameters have stabilized:

APU BLEED AIR SWITCH	OFF
ENGINE START SWITCH	FLT
THRUST LEVER	ADVANCE
GENERATOR SWITCH	ON
PACK SWITCH	AUTO

Accomplish the **INFLIGHT ENGINE START** checklist to start the other engine.

If neither IRS attitude display recovers after a transfer bus is restored:

IRS MODE SELECTOR SWITCHES	ATT
Maintain wings level, constant speed flight until attitude displays recover (approximately 30 seconds).	
MAGNETIC HEADING	ENTER
APU	AS REQUIRED

**Boeing 737 Next Generation
Engines, APU, Fuel System**

Auxiliary Power Unit (APU)

Overview

The auxiliary power unit (APU) is a self-contained gas turbine engine installed within a fireproof compartment located in the tail of the airplane. The APU supplies bleed air for engine starting or air conditioning. An AC electrical generator on the APU provides an auxiliary AC power source.

System components

The diagram illustrates the APU system with various components labeled: COOLING AIR INLET, EXHAUST OUTLET, APU DUCT, AIR DIFFUSER DUCT, EXHAUST MUFFLER, VORTEX GENERATOR, AIR INLET DOOR, APU FUEL LINE, and APU BLEED AIR DUCT.

**Boeing 737 Next Generation
Engines, APU, Fuel System**

Auxiliary Power Unit (APU)

Control & indicators: Engine panel

The diagram shows the APU control panel with the following components and their functions:

- APU Maintenance light**: Located on the left side of the panel.
- APU EGT indicator**: A circular gauge showing Engine Gas Temperature (EGT) with markings from 0 to 8.
- APU**: A large rectangular area representing the APU itself.
- APU switch**: A switch with positions OFF, ON, and START.
- Overspeed light**: Located on the right side of the panel.
- Fault light**: Located on the right side of the panel.
- Low oil pressure**: Located on the right side of the panel.

**Boeing 737 Next Generation
Engines, APU, Fuel System**

Auxiliary Power Unit (APU)

Normal operation

Start procedures

- The automatic start sequence begins by moving the APU switch momentarily to START. This initiates opening of the air inlet door. When the APU inlet door reaches the full open position the start sequence begins. After the APU reaches the proper speed, ignition and fuel are provided. When the APU is ready to accept a bleed air or electrical load the APU GEN OFF BUS light illuminates.

Note: When the APU is started using battery power only, there is no indication on the electrical metering panel that the APU generator has come on line and is ready to be selected. Both the frequency and voltage readings are zero until the APU generator is placed on line.

- If the APU does not reach the proper speed with the proper acceleration rate within the time limit of the starter, the start cycle automatically terminates. The start cycle may take as long as 120 seconds. Automatic shutdown occurs in the event of EGT exceedance.
- If the start fails or the APU GEN OFF BUS light fails to illuminate by the end of the start cycle, a system failure has occurred and the FAULT light illuminates.
- Operate the APU for one full minute before using it as a bleed air source.** This one minute stabilization is recommended to extend the service life of the APU.

**Boeing 737 Next Generation
Engines, APU, Fuel System**

Auxiliary Power Unit (APU)

Normal operation

Shutdown procedures

- Operate the APU for one full minute with no bleed air load prior to shutdown.** This cooling period is recommended to extend the service life of the APU. When the APU switch is moved to OFF, this time delay is met automatically.
- Moving the APU switch to OFF
 - trips the APU generator
 - closes the APU bleed air valve
 - extinguishes the APU GEN OFF BUS light.
- Shutdown occurs automatically after **60 seconds**. When the APU speed decreases sufficiently during shutdown, the fuel valve and inlet door close. If the fuel valve does not close, the FAULT light will illuminate after approximately 30 seconds.
- An immediate shutdown can be accomplished by pulling the APU fire switch.

05 ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM

MALEV
VIRTUÁLIS
BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM **737**

Fuel system

Overview

The fuel system supplies fuel to the engines and the APU. Fuel is contained in three tanks located within the wings and wing center section

TANK	LITERS	KILOGRAMS*
NO. 1	4,876	3,915
NO. 2	4,876	3,915
CENTER	16,273	13,066
TOTAL	26,025	20,896

* Usable fuel at level altitude; fuel density 0.8029 kg/liter

MALEV
VIRTUÁLIS
BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM **737**

Fuel system

Control & indicators: Fuel control panel

The diagram illustrates the Fuel Control Panel (FCP) layout. It includes:

- Eng/Spar valve closed indicator
- Fuel temperature indicator
- Crossfeed valve open light
- Filter bypass lights
- Crossfeed selector switch
- Center tank fuel pump switch
- Low Pressure lights
- Fuel pump switches (AFT, FWD, CTR)
- Main tank fuel pump switch
- Main tank fuel pump low pressure lights

MALEV
VIRTUÁLIS
BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM **737**

Fuel system

Control & indications: Fuel alert indications

Fuel LOW Indication
Illuminated (amber) – fuel quantity less than 907 kgs in related main tank:

- fuel quantity arc and digits on tank(s) with low fuel quantity turn amber
- displayed until quantity is increased to 1134 kgs.

Fuel Configuration (CONFIG) Indication
Illuminated (amber) – center tank quantity greater than 726 kgs, both center tank pumps are producing low or no pressure and either engine is running:

- fuel quantity arc and digits on center tank turn amber
- when illuminated, the indications will remain amber until center tank quantity is less than 453 kgs, one center tank pump is producing high pressure or both engines are not running.

Fuel Imbalance (IMBAL) Indication
Illuminated (amber) – main tanks differ by more than 453 kgs:

- displayed below main tank with lower fuel quantity
- fuel quantity arc and digits on tank with lower fuel turn amber
- inhibited when airplane is on ground
- inhibited by fuel LOW indication when both indications exist
- displayed until imbalance is reduced to 91 kgs.

MALEV
VIRTUÁLIS
BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM **737**

Fuel system

System schematic

The schematic shows the fuel system architecture with the following components and flow paths:

- MAIN TANKS:** No. 1 and No. 2 tanks.
- APU TANK:** Located between the main tanks.
- PUMPS:** Center tank jet scavenging pump, center tank fuel pump, and engine fuel pumps.
- VALVES:** Crossfeed selector valve, spar valve, and various shutoff valves (SPAR, ENGINE, APU).
- SENSORS:** Fuel quantity sensors (FQS) for each tank.
- INDICATORS:** Fuel quantity indicators (FGI) for each tank.
- CONTROLS:** Fuel pump switches (AFT, FWD, CTR) and crossfeed selector switch.

Condition: ENGINES OPERATING, CENTER TANK FEEDING ENGINES

MALEV
VIRTUÁLIS
BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION
ENGINES, APU, FUEL SYSTEM **737**

Fuel system

Normal operation: Fuel balancing

Fuel Balancing

If a fuel leak is suspected:
 Accomplish the INFLIGHT ENGINE FUEL LEAK checklist.
 Maintain main tank No. 1 and No. 2 fuel balance within limitations.

Note: Fuel pump pressure should be supplied to the engines at all times. At high altitude, without fuel pump pressure, thrust deterioration or engine flameout may occur.

If the center tank contains fuel:

- Center tank fuel pump switches OFF
[Fuel CONTIG indication may be displayed with fuel in the center tank.]
- Crossfeed selector Open
- Fuel pump switches (low tank) OFF

When quantities are balanced:

- Fuel pump switches (main tank) ON
- Center tank fuel pump switches ON
- Crossfeed selector Close

If the center tank contains no fuel:

- Crossfeed selector Open
- Fuel pump switches (low tank) OFF

When quantities are balanced:

- Fuel pump switches ON
- Crossfeed selector Close

MALEV
VIRTUÁLIS
BOEING 737 NEXT GENERATION **737**

Köszönöm a figyelmet!

Copyright 2005 © Malev Virtual Training Division. All rights reserved.
 Elérhetőségek:
 Internet: <http://www.b737.virtualairlines.hu>
 E-mail: training@virtualairlines.hu
 Előadó: Hegedűs Zoltán